

Configuring Broadcom Teaming with RDM

A White Paper

August 1, 2005

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1 Preface

This White Paper explains how to use IBM® Remote Deployment Manager (RDM) 4.20 and Broadcom software to configure multiple Broadcom network interface cards (NICs) for shared operations. You can include this configuration in an RDM Windows Native Install task or an RDM Windows Clone Install task. You can configure Shared NICs for such operations as:

- Pooled operations.
- Rollover (or "failover") operations.

1.1 Who should read this White Paper

This paper is intended to help skilled RDM administrators to create deployment procedures and to understand the concepts involved. To effectively use this paper, you should already have an extensive knowledge of your Network environment, your RDM environment, and DOS batch files.

1.2 Further reference

In addition to this paper, there are various other sources of information that you can consult for RDM and for RDM Custom tasks

1.2.1 Guides

The following product documentation is available for RDM:

- Remote Deployment Manager 4.20 Getting Started Step-by-step examples of using several tasks
- Remote Deployment Manager 4.20 User's Reference The main reference manual for RDM
- Remote Deployment Manager 4.20 Installation and Configuration Guide Describes the complete installation process of RDM
- Remote Deployment Manager 4.20 Compatibility Guide Lists RDM-supported hardware and software

Check the IBM Web site at <u>http://www-307.ibm.com/pc/support/site.wss/document.do?Indocid=MIGR-56662</u> to get the current versions of the above documents.

1.2.2 White papers

The various RDM white papers are available on the IBM Web site at <u>http://www-</u>307.ibm.com/pc/support/site.wss/document.do?Indocid=MIGR-53487.

1.2.3 Online help

In general, every window has online help available (except for some message windows or other windows where no help is applicable), either using a **Help** menu or a **Help** button.

1.2.4 Links

The following links are available for further information:

 Support is available for supported systems (IBM and non-IBM) through e-mail or fee-based telephone support. Telephone support is not available in all countries. For more information about the fee-based telephone support, go to <u>http://www.ibm.com/support</u> or <u>http://service.software.ibm.com/supportline.html</u>. For more information about e-mail support, refer to the RDM home page.

Important: Before using RDM 4.20, check the compatibility test results and browse the rest of the RDM Web site for additional information and tips concerning the installation and use of RDM.

1.3 Limitations

The approach defined in this paper requires the use of the Broadcom BASP installation and silent configuration utility programs (available on the Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet Software CD) and is limited to configuring the following Broadcom NICs:

- On-board Broadcom NICs
- Broadcom Gigabit Fiber SX: 22P7801 (card assembly 22P7819)
- Broadcom Gigabit Copper Single Port: 31P6301 (card assembly 31P6319)
- Broadcom Gigabit Copper Dual Port: 31P6401 (card assembly 31P6419)

It is beyond the purview of this White Paper to be a tutorial on writing shared NIC configuration scripts. For further information on creating shared NIC configuration scripts, please refer to the Broadcom documentation on the Broadcom CD.

2 Procedure

The approach of this paper can be broken down into the following basic steps:

- 1. Obtain and create the files needed to configure the NICs.
- 2. Create an RDM image that contains the files that will configure the NICs.
- 3. Create an RDM task that deploys Windows.
- 4. Add statements that implement NIC teaming to the task's command list.
- 5. Test the task.

2.1 Create an RDM image

You must choose one of two possible ways to accomplish this step:

• Import the image attached to this document.

Because RDM 4.20 (or later) has the ability to import an image, you can use the attached file (which contains an exported copy of the image created in the steps below) to create your image. This is much easier and faster than creating the image yourself.

• Create the image yourself.

This entails downloading and extracting the Broadcom files, plus creating several other files yourself. It is somewhat more time-consuming than importing the image, even if you use the text files attached to this document.

Important: Regardless of which image-creation method you choose, you may have to modify some files from what are shown in this document. For example, you may be using a different version of the Broadcom software that uses newer or different files, you may be using a different type of NIC teaming than what is shown below, or your NICs may require different configuration parameters.

2.1.1 Import an image

There are 2 parts to this step:

- 1. Unzip the attached file.
- 2. Import the image.

Ø

2.1.1.1 Unzip the attached file

1. Extract the attached self-extracting ZIP file, *TeamingImage.EXE*, by right clicking on the paperclip icon and saving the file to disk.

Note: You may need Adobe Acrobat Reader 6.0.1 or later to be able to extract the file. If you are using Adobe Acrobat Reader 7.0 or later, you may need to modify your Windows Registry to be able to extract the file. See <u>http://www.adobe.com/support/techdocs/328671.html</u> and <u>http://www.adobe.com/support/techdocs/328671.html</u> for configuration instructions.

- 2. Run TeamingImage.EXE.
- 3. Change the target folder name appropriately (e.g., to C:\), and then click the Unzip button.

WinZip Self-Extractor - TeamingImage.exe	×
To unzip all files in TeamingImage.exe to the specified folder press the Unzip button.	
Unzip to <u>f</u> older:	Run <u>W</u> inZip
<u>B</u> rowse	<u>C</u> lose
verwrite files without prompting	About
	<u>H</u> elp

4. Click the *OK* button when the unzip is complete.

WinZip Self-Extractor 💦 🔀
3 file(s) unzipped successfully
OK

5. Click the *Close* button to exit WinZip.

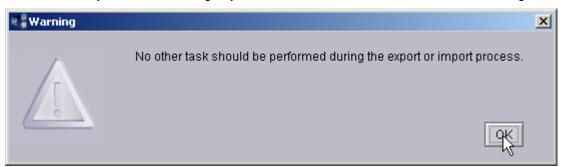
WinZip Self-Extractor - TeamingIm	age.exe	×
To unzip all files in TeamingImage.exe t specified folder press the Unzip button.	o the	<u>U</u> nzip
Unzip to folder:		Run <u>₩</u> inZip
	Browse	
verwrite files without prompting		About
		<u>H</u> elp

2.1.1.2 Import the image

6. From the Director console, select the Tasks, Remote Deployment Manager, Import/Export, and Import RDM Data... menus.

Director Tasks Associations Options Window Help	<u></u>
C Discover Systems Message Browser	
Build Custom Query Group Contents (17) Image Management 9,865431Y-2385110 Image Management 9,865431Y-238527 Image Management 9,865431Y-238527 Image Management 9,865431Y-238527 Image Management 9,865431Y-238527 Image Management 9,8695RX-7826822 Image Management 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	

7. Make sure that you are not running any other RDM tasks. Then click OK on the warning message.



8. Select the Browse button on the Import Data window.

•	to RDM. Provide the fully-qualified path of the folder to Ita was exported.
Import folde	
	Browse

9. Navigate to the *TeamingImage* folder, select the *TeamingImage.xml* file, and select the *OK* button.

Remote Deployment Manager - Select Im	port Data File	×
File Name TeamingImage.xml TeamingImage.xml	Directories: C:\TeamingImage C:\ TeamingImage TeamingImage Tepository	Cancel
List Files of Type	Drives:	Source:
*.xml	- C	- Local -
Ready		

10. Select the OK button on the Import Data window.

Remote Deployment Manager - Import Data	<u>- 0 ×</u>		
Import data to RDM. Provide the path and name of the file that contains the data that is to be imported.			
Import file:			
C:\TeamingImage\TeamingImage.xml	e		
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp		

11. Select the OK button on the final Import Data Progress message window.



12. Open the *Image Management* window (using the **Tasks**, **Remote Deployment Manger**, **Image Management**, and **Create and Modify Images** menus) to validate that the new image is there.

Cre <u>a</u> te	<u>E</u> dit	<u>D</u> elete <u>R</u> e	eplicate	
Ima	ige Name	Туре	Image Description	Internal Name
3850 bios 1.04	-	System Firmware		05213121719203.zip
Adobe Acrobat Re	eader 7.0.0	Windows Native In		053917266703.zip
Broadcom firmwa	are 1.20.9	Custom		05145115435703.zip
Broadcom Teami	ing	Windows Native In		05140171438578.zip
Director 4.22 Age	nt	Windows Native In		0516583337625.zip
Microsoft Server 2	2003 Standard Updates	Windows Native In		0545153725906.zip
Office 2003 - Prof	'essional Enterprise E	. Windows Native In	MSDN	052410107953.zip
Office 2003 - Serv	rice Pack 1	Windows Native In	MSDN	052592324875.zip
SCSI firmware 1.1	17	Custom	Contains files extracted from the FLAS	05201115649984.zip
Visio 2003		Windows Native In		0428919835750.zip
W2000 AS SP4		Windows Native In		0518114951984.zip
W2003 Standard		Windows Native In		04289102848359.zip
W2003 Standard	with SP1	Windows Native In		05200104251438.zip
W2003Std (Visio	Winzip OfficeSP1 Ado	. Windows Clone In	4.22	1118761789031
Winzip 9.0 SR-1		Windows Native In		04275144422531.zip
ХP		Windows Native In		0553165653219.zip
XP SP1		Windows Native In		0553165239312.zip

2.1.2 Create the image yourself

We are going to create an RDM image that contains the files in the following table.

File name	How obtained
BASFND.SYS	Tools\BASPSCFG\IA32 folder on the Broadcom CD
BASPSCFG.EXE	Tools\BASPSCFG\IA32 folder on the Broadcom CD
BMAPI.DLL	Tools\BASPSCFG\IA32 folder on the Broadcom CD
CONFIG.BAT	Created by the user
LCCUSTOM.EXE	Program Files\IBM\RDM\repository\environment\dos folder on the RDM server
POOLED.BAT	Created by the user
SETUP.EXE	MgmtApps\IA32 folder on the Broadcom CD
TEAMCFG.TXT	Created by the user

2.1.2.1 Obtain Broadcom files

- Download the appropriate Broadcom(R) NetXtreme (TM) Gigabit Ethernet Drivers Software CD from the IBM web site. We used this URL: <u>http://www-307.ibm.com/pc/support/site.wss/document.do?sitestyle=ibm&Indocid=MIGR-43815</u> for version 8.1B4 of the Broadcom software.
- 2. Unpack the CD image, by running the executable file from the above web site. You can unpack it to your hard drive (without creating a CD).
- 3. Create a temporary folder called BASP on the RDM server.
- 4. Copy the following Broadcom BASP installation files from the MgmtApps\IA32 folder on the Broadcom CD to the temporary BASP folder on the RDM server:

SETUP.EXE

 Copy the following Broadcom BASP configuration tool files from the Tools\BASPSCFG\IA32 folder on the Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet Software CD to the temporary BASP folder on the RDM server:

BASPSCFG.EXE BASFND.SYS BMAPI.DLL

2.1.2.2 Create the CONFIG.BAT File

The CONFIG.BAT file actually configures the NIC teaming. It uses BASPSCFG.EXE to do it.

6. To avoid a lot of data entry, you can extract the attached CONFIG.BAT file below to your temporary BASP directory. See the note in section 2.1.1.1 above for instructions on extracting the file.

Depending on the specific type of pooled NIC configuration you want, the Broadcom BASPSCFG.EXE configuration utility can require one or more parameters to perform configuration tasks. You can run BASPSCFG.EXE with command-line parameters, or you can run it with the parameters contained in a file. We use the latter, because it seems to work better in some instances. The following statement, from our example file below, references the parameters in the TEAMCFG.TXT file:

```
BASPSCFG.EXE -restore TEAMCFG.TXT
```

To work with multiple target systems under RDM, the command-line parameters need to be written so that any instances of machine-specific values are replaced with "variables". Therefore, the call to the BASPSCFG configuration utility is made in a batch file that can be automatically customized.

Following the examples in the Broadcom document *Silent Configuration for Broadcom Advance Server Program*, a batch file used to create a Smart Load Balance and Fail Over team with 2 "teamable" physical network adapters and to configure the team with a static IP address would look like this:

Ø

IF ERRORLEVEL 556 GOTO ERR_556 IF ERRORLEVEL 555 GOTO ERR_555 IF ERRORLEVEL 554 GOTO ERR_554 IF ERRORLEVEL 553 GOTO ERR 553 IF ERRORLEVEL 552 GOTO ERR_552 IF ERRORLEVEL 551 GOTO ERR_551 IF ERRORLEVEL 550 GOTO ERR_550 IF ERRORLEVEL 514 GOTO ERR_514 IF ERRORLEVEL 513 GOTO ERR_513 IF ERRORLEVEL 512 GOTO ERR_512 IF ERRORLEVEL 511 GOTO ERR_511 IF ERRORLEVEL 510 GOTO ERR_510 IF ERRORLEVEL 509 GOTO ERR_509 IF ERRORLEVEL 509 GOTO ERR_509 IF ERRORLEVEL 508 GOTO ERR_508 IF ERRORLEVEL 507 GOTO ERR_507 IF ERRORLEVEL 506 GOTO ERR_506 IF ERRORLEVEL 505 GOTO ERR 505 IF ERRORLEVEL 504 GOTO ERR_504 IF ERRORLEVEL 503 GOTO ERR_503 IF ERRORLEVEL 502 GOTO ERR_502 IF ERRORLEVEL 501 GOTO ERR_501 IF ERRORLEVEL 500 GOTO ERR_500 SET RDRASLEVEL=0 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC0001 BASPSCFG.EXE completed with no errors. GOTO FINISH :ERR_557 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC557E Wrong BMAPI GOTO FAILURE :ERR 556 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC556E Cannot get all created teams GOTO FAILURE :ERR_555 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC555E Cannot get all unassigned adapters number GOTO FAILURE :ERR_554 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC554E Cannot create team GOTO FAILURE :ERR 553 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC553E Cannot get adapter PCI information GOTO FAILURE :ERR 552 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC552E Cannot get all unassigned adapters data GOTO FAILURE :ERR_551 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC551E Cannot check BASP status GOTO FAILURE :ERR_550 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC550E Cannot initialize BMAPI GOTO FAILURE :ERR 514 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC514E Team already exists, please use a different team name GOTO FAILURE :ERR_513 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC513E & is not a legal character for the team name GOTO FAILURE :ERR_512 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC512E Duplicate adapter physical MAC address

GOTO FAILURE :ERR_511 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC511E Only Broadcom certified adapters are supported in VLAN GOTO FAILURE :ERR 510 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC510E Cannot create FECGEC or 802.3ad with a standby adapter GOTO FAILURE :ERR_509 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC509E Incorrect parameter passed to BASPCFG.EXE GOTO FAILURE :ERR_508 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC508E Cannot set static IP Address GOTO FAILURE :ERR_507 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC507E BASP is not installed and cannot create any team GOTO FAILURE :ERR 506 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC506E No team to configure GOTO FAILURE :ERR 505 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC505E Cannot open the input file GOTO FAILURE :ERR_504 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC504E Cannot create more than 64 VLANs GOTO FAILURE :ERR_503 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC503E Cannot create more than one team from command line GOTO FAILURE :ERR 502 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC502E Team has no member GOTO FAILURE :ERR_501 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC501E Cannot allocate memory GOTO FAILURE :ERR_500 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC500E Not supported OS GOTO FAILURE :ERR 1 SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC001E Unspecified error in CONFIG.BAT :FAILURE SET RDRASLEVEL=1 FINISH

ECHO.

In the example above, there are no machine-specific values. However, the configuration batch file *may* require machine-specific values for the *name*, *type*, *pnic*, *snic*, *vname*, *vid*, *ip* and/or *smask* command-line parameters. If this is the case, you may need to define User Parameters of appropriate types for each required value and use those variable names (prefaced and suffixed with % symbols) in the place of fixed values in the TEAMCFG.TXT file. The variable names should be meaningful and distinct.

Any instances of MAC addresses *must* be replaced with variable names in the format %MACADDRESS*n*% where *n* is the number of the card containing the MAC address. In a script configuring two NICs, each of which has its own MAC address, the variables would be

%MACADDRESS1% and %MACADDRESS2%. When the script is customized during the second step of the operation described above, all instances of %MACADDRESS1% will be replaced with the actual MAC address on the first NIC on the target server, all instances of %MACADDRESS2% will be replaced with the actual MAC address on the second NIC on the target server, etc.

In the example above,

- The LCCUSTOM.EXE line substitutes all parameter values in the TEAMCFG.TXT file.
- All of the configuration work is done by the BASPSCFG.EXE line.
- The following lines are simply to trap for error levels that the BASPSCFG.EXE executable can possible generate.
- The REM BASPSCFG.EXE line is an example of how you might use command-line parameters instead of encapsulating the parameters in a text file.

Following the examples in the Broadcom document *Silent Configuration for Broadcom Advance Server Program*, the sample batch file above creates a default Load Balance SLBTeam with all "teamable" physical network adapters and configures the SLBTeam with DHCP. If you replace the fourth line with the following line, the configuration batch file will create a FEC/GEC FGTeam with one load balanced physical adapter:

BaspSCfg.exe -name FGTeam -type 1 -pnic %MACADDRESS1%

Similarly, changing the fourth line to the following line would create a Load Balance BRCMTeam with two VLANs and configure VLAN100 and VLAN200 with DHCP:

```
BaspSCfg.exe -name BRCMTeam -pnic %MACADDRESS1% -snic %MACADDRESS2% -vname VLAN100 -vid
100 -vname VLAN200 -vid 200
```

2.1.2.3 Create the TEAMCFG.TXT file

TEAMCFG.TXT contains the parameter values for BASPSCFG.EXE.

7. To avoid a lot of data entry, you can extract the attached TEAMCFG.TXT file below to your temporary BASP directory. See the note in section 2.1.1.1 above for instructions on extracting the file.

The content of our example file is the following:

```
name: Teamed
type: 0
snic: 2:5.0
pnic: 2:4.0
ip: %computerip_1%
smask: %subnetmask_1%
gw: %defaultgateway_1%
dns: %dnspreferredip_1%
```

These parameters are documented in *Silent Configuration for Broadcom Advance Server Program* (*BASP*), a document contained on the Broadcom CD.

Important: It is your responsibility to choose the appropriate parameters and to set their values appropriately.

Here is an explanation of the parameters in our example:

- name This is the name of the team. It is what appears as the name of the Ethernet adapter in the output from a Windows IPCONFIG command.
- type This is the type of teaming. Our example, 0, means that it is a Smart Load Balance and Fail Over team.

snic – This defines which physical NIC is the secondary NIC. We use the bus:dev.func format of
this parameter, because we want to force the same NIC to be the secondary NIC on all our target
systems. An alternate way to do this would be to use the MAC address as the value of this
parameter.

Important: This parameter value depends on the target system's machine type and NIC types. You may need to create a separate teaming image for each machine type that you are deploying, if they need different values for this parameter.

pnic – This defines which physical NIC is the primary NIC. We use the bus:dev.func format of
this parameter, because we want to force the same NIC to be the primary NIC on all our target
systems. An alternate way to do this would be to use the MAC address as the value of this
parameter.

Important: This parameter value depends on the target system's machine type and NIC types. You may need to create a separate teaming image for each machine type that you are deploying, if they need different values for this parameter.

- ip This is the static IP address of the team. We use a variable for its value. That variable is a standard parameter of the RDM *Windows Native Install* or *Windows Clone Install* task. The task should define a static IP address for its first NIC.
- smask This is the subnet mask of the team. We use a variable for its value. That variable is a standard parameter of the RDM *Windows Native Install* or *Windows Clone Install* task. The task should define a subnet mask for its first NIC.
- gw This is the gateway address of the team. We use a variable for its value. That variable is a standard parameter of the RDM *Windows Native Install* or *Windows Clone Install* task. The task should define a gateway address for its first NIC.
- dns This is the DNS address of the team. We use a variable for its value. That variable is a standard parameter of the RDM *Windows Native Install* or *Windows Clone Install* task. The task should define a DNS address for its first NIC.

2.1.2.4 Create the POOLED.BAT file

POOLED.BAT is the file that the RDM deployment task's command list will call to implement the NIC teaming.

8. To avoid a lot of data entry, you can extract the attached POOLED.BAT file below to your temporary BASP directory. See the note in section 2.1.1.1 above for instructions on extracting the file.

```
TITLE "POOLED.BAT..."
ECHO Running POOLED.BAT to install/configure multiple NICs...
REM The BASP folder was created by the commandlist statement that unzipped the RDM image.
REM Move focus to the BASP folder on the target drive
CD\BASP
:FILECOPY
RDAGENT /L "Copying MACSUBST.EXE..."
MTFTP GET %SERVER_IP% ENVIRONMENT\WIN32\MACSUBST.EXE MACSUBST.EXE
IF NOT ERRORLEVEL 1 GOTO CUSTOM
SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC009E Could not copy MACSUBST.EXE to target server.
GOTO BADFILE
:CUSTOM
RDAGENT /L "Customize the CONFIG.BAT file with local MAC addresses (if needed)"
MACSUBST.EXE CONFIG.BAT
IF NOT ERRORLEVEL 1 GOTO RUNSETUP
SET RDSTATUS=RDMNIC020E MACSubst.exe failed to update CONFIG.BAT or to find NICs.
GOTO BADFILE
```

ß

```
:RUNSETUP
RDAGENT /L "Install the Broadcom Advanced Control Program and Advanced Server Program
(for NIC teaming)"
SETUP /s /v/qn
RDAGENT /L "Configuring multiple NICs for pooled operations."
CALL CONFIG.BAT
GOTO FINISHED
:BADFILE
SET RDRASLEVEL=1
CALL MTFTPRC.BAT
:FINISHED
CD \
ECHO.
```

This batch file creates a folder called BASP on the target machine, copies the installation and configuration files to that folder, customizes the configuration batch file, installs the Broadcomm BASP utilities, then merges the POOLED.REG file into the System Registry. The next time you boot the system and logon, the new entry in the System Registry runs the customized batch file to configure the NICs for the specified pooled operations.

If you are running RDM under Linux, make sure you match the cases of the file names being copied by the MTFTP lines in the POOLED.BAT file. If you are running RDM under Windows, the case of the file names is not important, as Windows is not case-sensitive for file activities.

2.1.2.5 Create the RDM image

We will create an RDM image to contain all the files that we use to implement NIC teaming. This image will be an *Application* image associated with the *Windows Native Install* template. Note that you will also be able to use this image in a *Windows Clone Install* task.

- 9. Open the *Image Management* window (using the Tasks, Remote Deployment Manger, Image Management, and Create and Modify Images menus).
- 10. Select the Create... button.

K Create Image	×
You need to select the template type to create an image.	٦
Template selection:	
Windows Native Install	•
<u>OK</u>	el

11. Select the Windows Native Install template, and then select the OK button.

Create Windows Native Install Image	
General Setup	
An image can be configured on this page.	
Image name:	
Broadcom Teaming	_
Image descripțion:	
	Ţ
-	
,	_
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp

12. Enter an image name, and then select the Setup page.

Create Windows Native Install Ir	nage			
General Setup				
A Windows Native Install image	can be cor	nfigured on	this page.	
Select the image type: Operating system Service pack Desktop wallpaper file Software Delivery Assistant System Migration Assistant Application Executable name: Executable parameters:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Selec <u>t</u> La English	nguage:	<u>B</u> rowse
		<u>o</u> k	<u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp

13. Select Application as the image type.

A Windows Native Install image can be configured on this page. Select the image type: Application Provide source: Executable name: Executable parameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	Create Windows Native Install Image	
Select the image type: Application Proyide source: Executable name: Executable name: Executable parameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	General Setup	
Application Proyide source: Executable name: Executable name: Executable parameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	A Windows Native Install image can be configured on this page.	
Pro <u>v</u> ide source: Executable name: Executable <u>parameters:</u> Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	<u>S</u> elect the image type:	
Executable name: Executable parameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	Application -	
Executable name: Executable parameters: Executable garameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	Pro <u>v</u> ide source:	
Executable <u>p</u> arameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.		Browse
Executable <u>p</u> arameters: Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	<u>E</u> xecutable name:	N
Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.		<u>F</u> ile
	Executable <u>p</u> arameters:	
]
OK Cancel Help	Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	
OK Cancel Help		
OK Cancel Help		
	OK Cance	el Help

14. Then select the *Browse…* button and navigate to the C:\BASP folder that contains the files that will comprise the image. Then select the *OK* button.

Locate the application install directory.	×
Directories:	ок 📐
C:\BASP	
🗁 CA	Cancel
🗁 BASP	
Drives:	Source:
🖃 C: 🔹	Local 🔻
Ready	

15. Now select the *File...* button.

Create Windows Native Install Image		
General Setup		
A Windows Native Install image can be configured on th	is page.	
Select the image type:		
Application 👻		
Provide source:		
C:\BASP		<u>B</u> rowse
Executable name:		
	l	Eile
Executable <u>p</u> arameters:	_	
Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filenal	me.	
ок	Cancel	Holp
<u></u> K	<u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp

16. Navigate to the POOLED.BAT file, select the file, and then select the OK button.

ile Name	Directories:	OK N
pooled.bat	CABASP	
BASFND.sys	🗁 C:1	Cancel
BaspSCfg.exe	BASP	
BMAPI.dll		
config.bat		
lccustom.exe		
pooled.bat		
pooled.reg		
setup.exe		
teamcfg.txt		
ist Files of Type	Drives:	Source:
.	- C	👻 Local 🗸

17. Now select the OK button to create your image.

Create Windows Native Install Image	
General Setup	
A Windows Native Install image can be configured on this page.	
Select the image type:	
Application 👻	
Provide source:	
C:\BASP	<u>B</u> rowse
Executable name:	
pooled.bat	<u>F</u> ile
Executable parameters:	
Note: include %appdir%\ before parameter that is a filename.	
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp

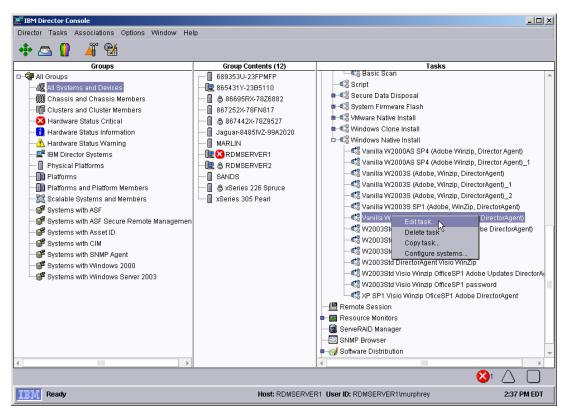
18. Select the OK button on the final message box, and then verify that your new image appeared in the *Image Management* window.

2.2 Customize the command list

In order to run the installation batch file as part of a Windows Native Install or a Windows Clone Install task, you must modify the task's Command List. So we assume that you have already created such a task, and that you have tested the task. That is, the task works the way you want, except that it does not configure the NICs as a team.

The procedure below is similar for Windows Native Install or a Windows Clone Install tasks.

1. Right click on the task, and select the Edit task menu.



2. Select the Advanced page, and add a blank line plus 3 other lines, as shown below.

Remote Deployment Manager - Windows Native Install		
General Setup 🛝	tvanced	
Category Command list	Changes to the command list can be made here.	-
User parameters Task folder	Insert Reload	
Miscellaneous	<pre>%This is command list for wni task BOOTTYPE !LOADDOS /environment/dos71x SetLunHostTypeIfFibre ADT_Enabled "Windows" "Non-Clustered" WAKE !!SETERV IsolateServerIfFibre !PRE_INST.BAT !!reboot !!SETERV !INSTALL.BAT BOOTTYPE !BOOTLOCAL !!reboot !!SETERV ?Install Broadcom teaming !C:\BASP\POOLED.BAT !RD BASP /Q /S] BOOTTYPE !LOADDOS /environment/dos71c !!reboot UnisolateServerIfFibre UpdateAssetID</pre>	
	<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	<u>H</u> elp

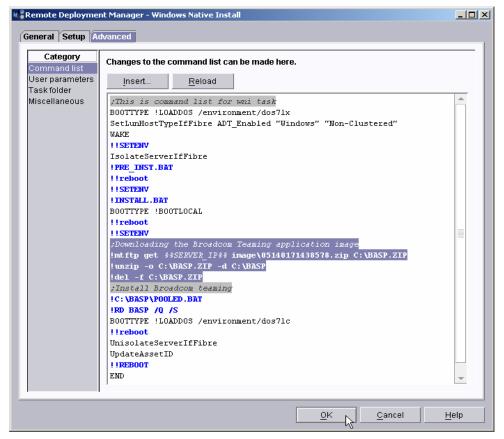
3. Place the cursor on the blank line, and then select the Insert... button.

mage type:				
All images	•			
Name	Туре	Description	Internal Name	
🔾 8850 bios 1.04	System BIOS		05213121719203.zip	-
🔿 Adobe Acrobat Rea	Application		053917266703.zip	
O Broadcom firmware	Custom Image		05145115435703.zip	
Broadcom Teaming	Application		05140171438578.zip	
Director 4.22 Agent	Application		0516583337625.zip	
🔿 Microsoft Server 20	Application		0545153725906.zip	
Office 2003 - Profes	Application	MSDN	052410107953.zip	1
🔿 Office 2003 - Servic	Application	MSDN	052592324875.zip	1
○ SCSI firmware 1.17	Custom Image	Contains files extracte	05201115649984.zip	
🔿 Visio 2003	Application		0428919835750.zip	
W2000 AS SP4	Operating system		0518114951984.zip	
🔿 W2003 Standard	Operating system		04289102848359.zip	
🔿 W2003 Standard wi	Operating system		05200104251438.zip	1-
🔿 W2003Std (Visio Wi	Import/Donor clone op	4.22	1118761789031	
🔿 Winzip 9.0 SR-1	Application		04275144422531.zip	-

4. Select the NIC teaming image that you created earlier, and then select the *Next* button.

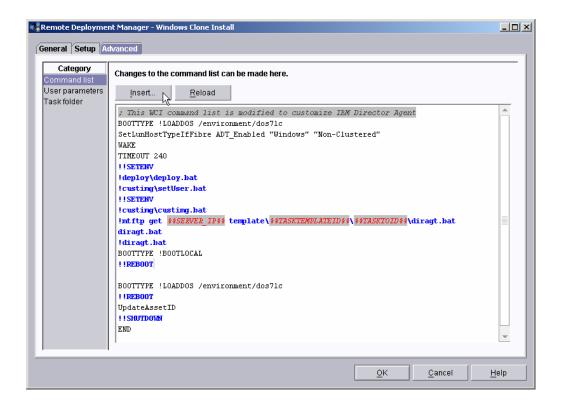
Remote Deployment Manager	- Command List Editor Wizard	
Build commands to insert into	the command list editor.	
Windows -	Transfer mode: ● Unicast ⊃ Multicast	
Comment: Downloading the Broadcom Te	enemi noitestion image	
Downloading the broadconn re		
MTFT <u>P</u> destination file path:		MTFTP destination file name:
C:1		BASP.ZIP
 ✓ Generate an unzip comman Unzip destination path: (C:\BASP 	-	
Gene <u>r</u> ated commands:		
;Downloading the Broadcom T Imttp get %%SERVER_IP%% Iunzip -o C:\BASP.ZIP -d C:\BA Idel -f C:\BASP.ZIP	image\05140171438578.zip C:\BASP.2	ZIP
	Back	<u> </u>

5. Fill in the fields of the Command List Editor Wizard, as shown above. Then select the *Finish* button. The wizard will add the 4 statements to the command list, as shown below.



6. Select the OK button to save your changes.

The above procedure uses a Windows Native Install task. If you are using a Windows Clone Install task, then you add the statements at the blank line in the command list below.



2.3 Test the Windows deployment Task

Following standard RDM procedures, execute your *Windows Native Install* or *Windows Clone Install* task on the target systems.

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4 Glossary

BAT file. A file that contains a batch program (that is, a set of commands).

bind. Associating one or more systems to a task. This causes all information to be verified (by one of the STC modules) and a resulting job to be scheduled to run.

console, or RDM Console. The group of programs that make up the user interface to RDM. RDM is client/server in nature so that the Console might run on any computer and not necessarily be running on the same computer as the RDM server or other RDM components. The RDM Console is actually an IBM Director Console on which the RDM Console component is installed.

job. An object managed by the scheduler and created by STC. A job is a binding of one task and one or more systems. A job can be scheduled to run once or to recur. Sometimes a job is called by a different name (Scheduled Task, Running Task), to emphasize some aspect of the job.

managed system. The IBM Director term for its system. Mentioned here only for clarity; the term system is preferred when referring to an RDM system.

preboot DOS agent. The preboot DOS agent is a DOS operating system with a communications stack that is booted from the network by the bootstrap agent. The preboot DOS agent performs actions on a system as directed by the RDM server.

Preboot Execution Environment (PXE). PXE is an industry standard client/server interface that allows networked computers that are not yet loaded with an operating system to be configured and booted remotely. PXE is based on Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP). Using the PXE protocol, clients can request configuration parameter values and startable images from the server.

The PXE process consists of the system initiating the protocol by broadcasting a DHCPREQUEST containing an extension that identifies the request as coming from a client that uses PXE. The server sends the client a list of boot servers that contain the operating systems available. The client then selects and discovers a boot server and receives the name of the executable file on the chosen boot server. The client downloads the file using Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP) and executes it, which loads the operating system.

system. An individual, target system being deployed or managed by RDM. In IBM Director terminology, an RDM system is always a platform managed object. These can represent any of the supported-by-RDM systems. They cannot represent an IBM Director object that RDM does not process, such as a chassis or an SNMP object.

task. An already defined and configured unit of work that is available to be applied to a system or a group (of systems). You create a task by clicking on the applicable task template from the RDM main console. RDM is installed with predefined tasks, such as data disposal and scan.

task template. A prototype of a specific kind of RDM task. This is a term used to describe the different

kinds of tasks shown on the task pane in the main window of the RDM console. Each task template has its own characteristics and attributes. RDM comes with a set of task templates.

Wake on LAN. Technology developed by IBM that allows LAN administrators to remotely power up systems. The following components are essential for the Wake on LAN setup:

Wake on LAN-enabled network interface card (NIC).

Power supply that is Wake on LAN-enabled.

Cable which connects NIC and power supply.

Software that can send a magic packet to the system.

If the system has the first three of the previous components, the system is called a Wake on LAN-enabled system. Even though a system might be powered off, the NIC keeps receiving power from the system power supply to keep it alive. A network administrator sends a magic packet to the system through some software, for example, RDM or Netfinity IBM Director. The NIC on the system detects the magic packet and sends a signal to the power supply to turn it on. This process is also called *waking up the system*. Using RDM, this process can be scheduled for individual systems. The Wake on LAN feature and RDM together make it very easy for you to deploy software on individual systems on a scheduled basis.



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